

Australasian Research Management Society 2009 Conference



Internationalisation of ARC schemes and policies

Contextual Factors

Desirables: Minister Carr March 2009

- Seeking applications to build on university's research strengths, based on thinking strategically, playing to key strengths
- 2. Collaboration needed between universities and business and public sector research agencies
- 3. Develop PhDs, supporting research students
- 4. Collaboration across universities, especially international collaboration by researchers
- 5. Collaboration across natural and human sciences

 New Objective in *Discovery Projects* Scheme:

 Enhance international collaboration in research

Major ARC Schemes

Discovery Projects -

- Excellent fundamental research by individuals and teams
- Discovery Indigenous Researchers Development -
 - Develop research expertise of indigenous Australians
- Australian Laureate Fellows -
- For outstanding researchers to stay in or return to Australia Future Fellows –
 - Rewards best mid-career Australian researchers and outstanding international researchers

Linkage Projects -

- Collaborative research between universities and industry/government/community
- Centres of Excellence Large outstanding research teams conducting focussed, sustained investigations on important challenging problems
- Linkage infrastructure, equipment and facilities (LIEF) -
 - Collaboration across universities & partner organisations to fund major infrastructure

Funded ARC Projects with International Pls: 2002 to 2008

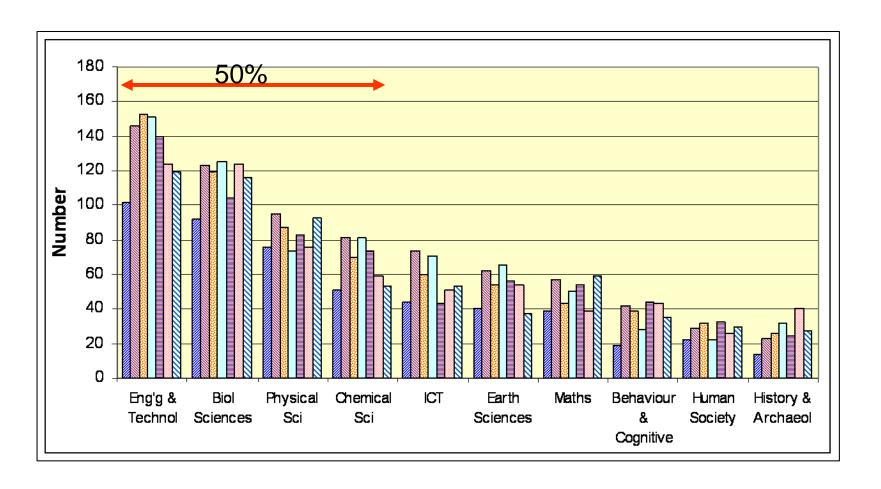
Which countries have the most frequent collaborations?

- United States (24%), Canada (6%)
- United Kingdom (15%)
- Germany (8%), Italy (3%), Netherlands (2.5%), Sweden &
 Switzerland (2% each)
- Japan (5%), China (4%)
- New Zealand (3%)

Which schemes have the most frequent collaborations?

- Discovery Projects (43% of \$)
- ARC Centres of Excellence (43% of \$)

Major Research Fields – International Collaboration 2002-2008: ARC Funded Projects



Opportunities

ARC schemes are open to international applicants:

- (a) If apply through one of the eligible organisations
- (b) If successful, must reside predominantly in Australia

Discovery Projects

- Partner Investigators (PIs) can be working overseas
- 'International Collaboration Awards' available for Australian Chief Investigators (CIs), Fellows, and Overseas PIs to work together on the project overseas or in Australia
- Travel support can be applied for overseas Partner or other research personnel to travel to Australia if justified against doing the project
- PhD stipends and Fellowships open to international candidates

Opportunities

Linkage Projects

- Overseas organisations can be partners
- Overseas higher education organisations eligible to be Partner Organisations if application has at least one Australian Partner Organisation
- PhD scholarships can be for international candidates
- All research personnel can apply for funds for domestic & international travel justified against the project

Information on International Collaboration in ARC schemes:

http://www.arc.gov.au/general/international_collaboration.htm

ARC Future Fellowships

- Supports career paths for talented national and international researchers
- Addressing the lack of opportunities for mid-career researchers in Australia
- Encourages applications from outstanding Australian and international mid-career researchers
- First 200 Fellows announced last week
 - 22 international researchers
 - 19 returning Australians
 - 159 Australian residents
- Each fellowship is worth up to \$185 000 each year over four-years.

Objectives of Excellence in Research for Australia

- establish an evaluation framework that gives government, industry, business and the wider community assurance of the excellence of research conducted in Australia's institutions;
- provide a national **stocktake** of discipline-level areas of research strength and areas where there is opportunity for development in Australia's higher education institutions;
- 3. identify excellence across the full spectrum of research performance;
- 4. identify **emerging research areas** and opportunities for further development; and
- 5. allow for comparisons of Australia's research nationally and internationally for all discipline areas.