

Cyclizine for nausea and vomiting in paediatric palliative and supportive care – series 31

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Series

Nausea and/or vomiting are common and distressing symptoms in children receiving palliative care. The aetiology for nausea and/or vomiting is often multifactorial in children with cancer or non-cancer conditions. Consideration of the most likely mechanism of these symptoms influences the approach to pharmacological symptoms in addition to other patient factors, previous antiemetic history and the expected adverse side effect profile.

More often, there is a tendency for polypharmacy in the management of nausea and/or vomiting. Cyclizine, an antihistaminic antiemetic, is thought to be an important pharmacological option for children with central causes of nausea. However, there is limited existing data focusing on the use of cyclizine in paediatric palliative medicine.

This Rapid paediatric series seeks to establish the broad utility and toxicity of frequently used rugs in real-life paediatric palliative care situations across the world.

In this study, the data points are baseline, 24 hours, and 72 hours post baseline to characterise and quantify the use, efficacy and adverse effect profile of cyclizine in the hope to establish its broad utility.



Get involved

If you are a current UTS IMPACCT Rapid program site, go to the *Current series* web page to download the Case Report Form to commence data collection.

If you are a new site, please go to the UTS IMPACCT Rapid program Get involved page and follow the steps to join a series.

If you have any questions, please email the Rapid Program and Rapid Paediatrics Program Coordinator, Jane Hunt.

Website and contact details below.

Contact us

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